Practice: 314 - Brush Management Scenario: #1 - Light Brush Management

Scenario Description:

Light brush management is used on non-cropland acres (including forestland, pasture, and wildlife areas) where less than 10% canopy cover across the treatment area is in undesireable non-herbaceous cover, and the treatment area is less than 18% slope on average. Payment is based on impacted acres only. Treatment may consist of chemical, mechanical, manual, or a combination of methods. Cost represents typical situations for conventional, organic, and transitioning to organic producers. For organic land, chemical applications must be OMRI approved chemicals.

Before Situation:

Non-cropland acres consisting of a percentage of undesirable species such as (but not limited to) Amur cork tree, Siberian elm, callery pear, autumn olive, multiflora rose, barberry, burning bush, honeysuckle, or periwinkle that must be controlled. Undesirable species can contribute to degraded plant condition, inadequate feed & forage, and potential animal health issues.

After Situation:

Undesireable non-herbaceous species are controlled with a pass with a brush hog over the treatment area followed by spot chemcial treatment. The treatment area is mechanically treated early in the growing season to reduce above ground biomass. The treated plants will readily resprout, and after adequate re-sprouting occurs herbicide will be applied to the new growth. This combined treatment will allow better access for the herbicide application equipment, better coverage on target plants, and less overall herbicide applied.

Scenario Feature Measure: Acres treated

Scenario Unit: Acre

Scenario Typical Size: 25

Scenario Cost: \$1,200.62 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$48.02

Cost Details (by category): Price **Component Name Component Description** Unit Quantity Cost (\$/unit) Equipment/Installation \$57.29 Chemical, spot treatment, 964 Ground applied chemical to individual plants or group of Hour \$458.32 single stem application plants, e.g., backpack sprayer treatment. Equipment and labor cost included. Mower, Bush Hog 940 Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included. Hour \$51.41 6 \$308.46 Truck, Pickup 939 Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included. Hour \$37.62 \$75.24 Labor General Labor \$22.43 8 \$179.44 231 Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, Hour shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc. Materials \$42.84 2.5 \$107.10 Herbicide, Triclopyor 338 Refer to WIN-PST for product names and active Acre ingredients. Materials and shipping Mobilization \$72.06 Mobilization, very small 1137 Equipment that is small enough to be transported by a pick- Each \$72.06 equipment up truck with typical weights less than 3,500 pounds. Can be multiple pieces of equipment if all hauled simultaneously.

Practice: 314 - Brush Management

Scenario: #2 - Medium Brush Management

Scenario Description:

Medium brush management is used on non-cropland acres (including forestland, pasture, and wildlife areas) where 10% - 39% canopy cover across the treatment area is in undesireable non-herbaceous cover, and the treatment area is less than 18% slope on average. Payment is based on impacted acres only. Treatment may consist of chemical, mechanical, manual, or a combination of methods. Cost represents typical situations for conventional, organic, and transitioning to organic producers. For organic land, chemical applications must be OMRI approved chemicals.

Before Situation:

Non-cropland acres consisting of a percentage of undesirable species such as (but not limited to) Amur cork tree, Siberian elm, callery pear, autumn olive, multiflora rose, barberry, burning bush, honeysuckle, or periwinkle that must be controlled. Undesirable species can contribute to degraded plant condition, inadequate feed & forage, and potential animal health issues.

After Situation:

Undesireable non-herbaceous species are controlled with a pass with a brush hog over the treatment area followed by spot chemcial treatment. The treatment area is mechanically treated early in the growing season to reduce above ground biomass. The treated plants will readily resprout, and after adequate re-sprouting occurs herbicide will be applied to the new growth. This combined treatment will allow better access for the herbicide application equipment, better coverage on target plants, and less overall herbicide applied.

Scenario Feature Measure: Acres planned

Scenario Unit: Acre

Scenario Typical Size: 25

Scenario Cost: \$1,972.44 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$78.90

Cost Details (by category):							
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost	
Equipment/Installation							
Chemical, spot treatment, single stem application		Ground applied chemical to individual plants or group of plants, e.g., backpack sprayer treatment. Equipment and labor cost included.	Hour	\$57.29	10	\$572.90	
Mower, Bush Hog	940	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$51.41	12	\$616.92	
Truck, Pickup	939	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$37.62	2	\$75.24	
Labor							
General Labor		Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$22.43	14	\$314.02	
Materials							
Herbicide, Triclopyor		Refer to WIN-PST for product names and active ingredients. Materials and shipping	Acre	\$42.84	7.5	\$321.30	
Mobilization							
Mobilization, very small equipment		Equipment that is small enough to be transported by a pick up truck with typical weights less than 3,500 pounds. Can be multiple pieces of equipment if all hauled simultaneously.	- Each	\$72.06	1	\$72.06	

Practice: 314 - Brush Management Scenario: #3 - High Brush Management

Scenario Description:

High brush management is used on non-cropland acres (including forestland, pasture, and wildlife areas) where 40%-60% canopy cover across the treatment area is in undesireable non-herbaceous cover, or the treatment area is on land with 18% - 25% slopes on average regardless of percent cover of undesireable species. Payment is based on impacted acres only. Treatment may consist of chemical, mechanical, manual, or a combination of methods. Cost represents typical situations for conventional, organic, and transitioning to organic producers. For organic land, chemical applications must be OMRI approved chemicals.

Before Situation:

Non-cropland acres consisting of a percentage of undesirable species such as (but not limited to) Tree of heaven, Paulownia (princess tree), honeysuckle, Japanese knotweed, privet, or wintercreeper, that must be controlled. Undesirable species can contribute to degraded plant condition, inadequate feed & forage, and potential animal health issues.

After Situation:

Undesireable non-herbaceous species are controlled with a combination of manual chainsawing, pass with a brush hog over the treatment area, and spot chemcial treatment. The treatment area is mechanically treated early in the growing season to reduce above ground biomass. The treated plants will readily resprout, and after adequate re-sprouting occurs herbicide will be applied to the new growth. This combined treatment will allow better access for the herbicide application equipment, better coverage on target plants, and less overall herbicide applied.

Scenario Feature Measure: Acres planned

Scenario Unit: Acre

Scenario Typical Size: 25

Scenario Cost: \$4,701.97 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$188.08

Cost Details (by category):							
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost	
Equipment/Installation							
Chainsaw	937	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$6.37	8	\$50.96	
Truck, Pickup	939	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$37.62	2	\$75.24	
Chemical, spot treatment, single stem application		Ground applied chemical to individual plants or group of plants, e.g., backpack sprayer treatment. Equipment and labor cost included.	Hour	\$57.29	24	\$1,374.96	
Mower, Bush Hog	940	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$51.41	20	\$1,028.20	
Labor							
General Labor		Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$22.43	65	\$1,457.95	
Materials							
Herbicide, Triclopyor		Refer to WIN-PST for product names and active ingredients. Materials and shipping	Acre	\$42.84	15	\$642.60	
Mobilization							
Mobilization, very small equipment		Equipment that is small enough to be transported by a pick- up truck with typical weights less than 3,500 pounds. Can be multiple pieces of equipment if all hauled simultaneously.	- Each	\$72.06	1	\$72.06	

Practice: 314 - Brush Management

Scenario: #4 - Very High Brush Management

Scenario Description:

High brush management is used on non-cropland acres (including forestland, pasture, and wildlife areas) where greater than 60% canopy cover across the treatment area is in undesireable non-herbaceous cover, or the treatment area is on land with greater than 25% slopes on average regardless of percent cover of undesireable species. Payment is based on impacted acres only. Treatment may consist of chemical, mechanical, manual, or a combination of methods. Cost represents typical situations for conventional, organic, and transitioning to organic producers. For organic land, chemical applications must be OMRI approved chemicals.

Before Situation:

Non-cropland acres consisting of a percentage of undesirable species such as (but not limited to) Tree of heaven, Paulownia (princess tree), honeysuckle, Japanese knotweed, privet, or wintercreeper, that must be controlled. Undesirable species can contribute to degraded plant condition, inadequate feed & forage, and potential animal health issues.

After Situation:

Undesireable non-herbaceous species are controlled with a combination of manual chainsawing, pass with a brush hog over the treatment area, and spot chemcial treatment. The treatment area is mechanically treated early in the growing season to reduce above ground biomass. The treated plants will readily resprout, and after adequate re-sprouting occurs herbicide will be applied to the new growth. This combined treatment will allow better access for the herbicide application equipment, better coverage on target plants, and less overall herbicide applied.

Scenario Feature Measure: Acres planned

Scenario Unit: Acre

Scenario Typical Size: 25

Scenario Cost: \$7,667.54 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$306.70

Cost Details (by category): Price **Component Name Component Description** Unit **Quantity Cost** (\$/unit) Equipment/Installation \$6.37 Chainsaw 937 Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included. Hour 20 \$127.40 40 Chemical, spot treatment, 964 Ground applied chemical to individual plants or group of Hour \$57.29 \$2,291.60 single stem application plants, e.g., backpack sprayer treatment. Equipment and labor cost included. 940 Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included. \$51.41 40 \$2,056.40 Mower, Bush Hog Hour \$37.62 \$75.24 Truck, Pickup 939 Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included. Hour 2 Labor General Labor \$22.43 88 \$1.973.84 231 Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, Hour shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc. Materials \$42.84 \$1.071.00 Herbicide, Triclopyor 338 Refer to WIN-PST for product names and active Acre 25 ingredients. Materials and shipping Mobilization Mobilization, very small 1137 Equipment that is small enough to be transported by a pick- Each \$72.06 1 \$72.06 equipment up truck with typical weights less than 3,500 pounds. Can be multiple pieces of equipment if all hauled simultaneously.

Practice: 314 - Brush Management

Scenario: #5 - Muliple year of treatment

Scenario Description:

Mulitple years of brush management is used on non-cropland acres (including forestland, pasture, and wildlife areas) where greater than 60% canopy cover across the treatment area is in undesireable non-herbaceous cover, or the treatment area is on land with greater than 25% slopes on average regardless of percent cover of undesireable species. Payment is based on impacted acres only. Treatment may consist of chemical, mechanical, manual, or a combination of methods. Cost represents typical situations for conventional, organic, and transitioning to organic producers. For organic land, chemical applications must be OMRI approved chemicals.

Before Situation:

Non-cropland acres consisting of a percentage of undesirable species such as (but not limited to) Tree of heaven, Paulownia (princess tree), honeysuckle, Japanese knotweed, privet, or wintercreeper, that must be controlled. Undesirable species can contribute to degraded plant condition, inadequate feed & forage, and potential animal health issues.

After Situation:

Undesireable non-herbaceous species are controlled with a combination of manual chainsawing, pass with a brush hog over the treatment area, and spot chemcial treatment. This requires treatment over the course of two years. The treatment area is mechanically treated early in the first growing season to reduce above ground biomass. The treated plants will readily resprout, and after adequate re-sprouting occurs herbicide will be applied to the new growth. This combined treatment will allow better access for the herbicide application equipment, better coverage on target plants, and less overall herbicide applied. A second treatment application will be applied the following growing season to capture any regrowth; this will consist of mowing and herbicide treatment. The second year treatment typically will be about 2/3 of the area treated in the first year.

Scenario Feature Measure: Acres

Scenario Unit: Acre

Scenario Typical Size: 25

Scenario Cost: \$9,415.68 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$376.63

Cost Details (by category): Price **Component Name Component Description** Unit **Quantity Cost** (\$/unit) Equipment/Installation \$2,864.50 Chemical, spot treatment, 964 Ground applied chemical to individual plants or group of Hour \$57.29 50 single stem application plants, e.g., backpack sprayer treatment. Equipment and labor cost included. 940 Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included. \$51.41 52 \$2,673.32 Mower, Bush Hog Hour \$37.62 \$150.48 Truck, Pickup 939 Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included. Hour 937 Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included. \$6.37 20 \$127.40 Chainsaw Hour Labor 92 231 Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, \$22.43 \$2,063.56 General Labor Hour shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc. Materials 338 Refer to WIN-PST for product names and active Herbicide, Triclopyor \$42.84 \$1,392.30 Acre 32.5 ingredients. Materials and shipping Mobilization Mobilization, very small 1137 Equipment that is small enough to be transported by a pick- Each \$72.06 \$144.12 up truck with typical weights less than 3,500 pounds. Can equipment be multiple pieces of equipment if all hauled simultaneously.